

# Sodium determination in various foods with thermometric titration

## Keywords

total sodium / bouillon / gravy / tomato ketchup / corn chips / pretzel sticks / crackers / 859 Titrotherm / automated / 815 Robotic USB Sample Processor

## Summary

In an acidic solution (containing  $\text{NH}_4\text{F} \cdot \text{HF}$ ,  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  /  $\text{KNO}_3$ ), sodium forms  $\text{NaK}_2\text{AlF}_6$  which precipitates in an exothermic solution.

Several foods were analysed, namely bouillon, gravy, tomato ketchup, corn chips, pretzel sticks as well as crackers. The reproducibility of the results was good.

After weighing in and adding solutions, the samples were crushed again with a polytron to ensure homogeneity in the measuring solution.

Relative standard deviations between 0.08% and 3.75% were obtained.

## Introduction

In a titration, the titrant reacts with the analyte in the sample either exothermically (gives off heat) or endothermically (takes in heat). The Thermoprobe measures the temperature of the titrating solution. When all of the analyte in the sample has reacted with the titrant, the temperature of the solution will change and the endpoint of the titration is revealed by an inflection in the temperature curve.

The amount of analyte determined is not related to the change in temperature of the solution. Therefore, it is not necessary to use insulated titration vessels.

## Theory

### IN GENERAL

Thermometric titrations are conducted under conditions of constant titrant addition rate. In this respect they differ from potentiometric titrations, where the titrant addition rate may be varied during the titration according to the electrode response. In thermometric titrations, a constant addition rate of titrant equates to a constant amount of heat being given out or consumed, and hence a more or less constant temperature change up to the endpoint.

### TITER DETERMINATION

If a liquid standard is used, pipette it into the titration vessel. Set up a regression plot with the

sample size in mL (see appendix) on the x-axis and mL of titrant consumed on the y-axis. The plot will be a linear curve of the form  $y = a \cdot x + b$ , where the molarity of the titrant is calculated from the slope with the following formula:  $a \cdot c(\text{Titrant})$ .

### BLANK DETERMINATION

The method blank is determined by titrating a number of analyte solutions of different concentrations and plotting the analyte concentration against the titrant consumption. The method blank is determined as the y-intercept from a linear regression of the titration data. Changes in method parameters will require a new determination of method blank.

This parameter is stored along with the other method parameters. For all determinations it is subtracted from the volume of titrant.

## Solutions

- *Titrant:*  $c(\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3) = 0.5 \text{ mol/L}$  and  $c(\text{KNO}_3) = 1.1 \text{ mol/L}$

187.57 g  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  and 111.22 g  $\text{KNO}_3$  were weighed into a 1000 mL volumetric flask, dissolved in approx. 800 mL deion. water and filled up to the mark.

- *Complexing agent:*  $\beta(\text{NH}_4\text{F} \cdot \text{HF}) = 300 \text{ g/L}$

300 g  $\text{NH}_4\text{F} \cdot \text{HF}$  were weighed into a 1000 mL volumetric flask and filled up to the mark with deion. water.

- *Standard:*  $c(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0.4 \text{ mol/L}$

28.408 g  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  (dried for 2 h at 105 °C) were weighed into a 500 mL volumetric flask and filled up to the mark with deion. water.

- *Deion. water*

## Materials

|                                                                           |            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1× 859 Titrotherm<br>(containing 1 × 800 Dosino<br>and dosing unit 20 mL) | 2.856.1010 |
| 1× HF resistant<br>Thermoprobe                                            | 6.9011.040 |
| 1× 815 USB Robotic<br>Sample Processor XL                                 | 2.815.0130 |
| 1× Dispersing aggregate<br>for Polytron, 157 mm                           | 6.9012.010 |
| 1× Swing arm for Polytron<br>and 786 swing head,<br>left swinging         | 6.1461.250 |
| 1× Robotic arm with holder<br>for titration head, right<br>swinging       | 6.1462.070 |
| 1× Titration head,<br>3 × SGJ14                                           | 6.1458.040 |
| 1× External Polytron wash-<br>ing station                                 | 6.2841.000 |
| 1× Sample Rack<br>59 × 120 mL                                             | 6.2041.850 |
| 3× 800 Dosino                                                             | 2.800.0010 |
| 2× 843 Pump Station                                                       | 2.843.0150 |
| 1× Polytron PT 1300 D                                                     | 2.136.0100 |
| 2× Dosing unit 5 mL                                                       | 6.3032.150 |
| 1× Dosing unit 5 mL ETFE                                                  | 6.1575.150 |
| 1× Dosing unit 50 mL                                                      | 6.3032.250 |
| 1× Sample beaker<br>100 × 120 mL                                          | 6.1459.300 |

## Samples

- Tomato ketchup
- Bouillon as solution
- Bouillon as powder
- Gravy as powder
- Corn chips
- Pretzel sticks
- Crackers

## Procedures

### TITER DETERMINATION

1 to 2.5 mL  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  solution, 5 mL complexing agent as well as 40 mL deion. water were dosed into the titration beaker and titrated with  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  /  $\text{KNO}_3$  – solution up to the first end point. The consumption of the titrant was regressed against the sample size. For formula see Calculation section.

### BLANK DETERMINATION

Table 1: Sample Sizes for Blank Determination

| Sample                  | Sample size<br>[g] for<br>1 <sup>st</sup> blank<br>determination | Sample size<br>[g] for<br>2 <sup>nd</sup> blank<br>determination | Sample size<br>[g] for<br>3 <sup>rd</sup> blank<br>determination |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ketchup                 | 1.35                                                             | 2.21                                                             | 3.65                                                             |
| Bouillon as<br>solution | 0.11<br>= 5 mL                                                   | 0.18<br>= 8 mL                                                   | 0.21<br>= 10 mL                                                  |
| Bouillon                | 0.17                                                             | 0.21                                                             | 0.24                                                             |
| Gravy                   | 0.32                                                             | 0.43                                                             | 0.50                                                             |
| Cracker                 | 1.65                                                             | 2.30                                                             | 3.17                                                             |
| Corn<br>chips           | 3.06                                                             | 6.32                                                             | 9.58                                                             |
| Pretzel<br>sticks       | 0.91                                                             | 1.57                                                             | 2.02                                                             |

The Sample sizes for the blank determination were chosen depending on the sodium content. A few examples were shown in table 1. The consumption of titrant was regressed against the sample size. The intercept was taken as blank value and was saved automatically as Common variable. This blank value has to be subtracted from each further analyzed sample.

### SAMPLE DETERMINATION

Table 2: Sample Sizes for Sample Determination

| Sample               | Sample size   |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Ketchup              | 3.5 g         |
| Bouillon as solution | 10 mL = 0.2 g |
| Bouillon             | 0.3g          |
| Gravy                | 0.7 g         |
| Cracker              | 2.7 g         |
| Corn chips           | 5 g           |
| Pretzel sticks       | 2 g           |

Before beginning the determination crush the samples with the mortar. Afterward weigh for each sample type approximately the sample sizes mentioned in Table 2, add 5 mL complexing agent, 40 mL water and titrate with  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  /  $\text{KNO}_3$  solution up to the first end point. For the calculation of the sodium content the blank value must be subtracted. The whole

measurement including homogenization with the Polyton takes about 8.5 minutes. The content was calculated in % as well as in mg/100g.

### Titration Parameters

|                             | Titer determination | Blank and Sample determination   |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Stirring rate               | 10                  | Depending on sample <sup>1</sup> |
| Start volume [mL]           | 0.5                 | 0.5                              |
| Pause [s]                   | 30                  | 30                               |
| Switch off autom.           | no                  | no                               |
| Dosing rate [mL/min]        | 4                   | 4                                |
| Filter factor               | 45                  | Depending on sample <sup>2</sup> |
| Damping until [mL]          | 0.5                 | 0.5                              |
| Stop volume [mL]            | 5.0                 | 5.0                              |
| Stop slope                  | off                 | off                              |
| Add. volume after stop [mL] | 2                   | 2                                |
| End points [Reaction type]  | ex*                 | ex*                              |
| EP criterion [ERC]          | -50                 | Depending on sample <sup>3</sup> |

\* nicht erklärt. Bei end points.

| 1 | Sample       | Stir rate |
|---|--------------|-----------|
|   | - Ketchup    | 10        |
|   | - Bouillon   | 11        |
|   | - All others | 12        |

| 2 | Sample                 | Filter factor |
|---|------------------------|---------------|
|   | - Ketchup              | 45            |
|   | - Bouillon as solution | 45            |
|   | - Gravy                | 50            |
|   | - Pretzel sticks       | 50            |
|   | - Cracker              | 60            |
|   | - Corn chips           | 60            |
|   | - Bouillon             | 65            |

| 3 | Sample                 | EP criterion |
|---|------------------------|--------------|
|   | - Ketchup              | - 45         |
|   | - Bouillon as solution | - 45         |
|   | - Gravy                | -40          |
|   | - Cracker              | -40          |
|   | - Corn chips           | -40          |
|   | - Pretzel sticks       | -40          |
|   | - Bouillon             | -20          |

### Calculations

#### TITER DETERMINATION

| Assignment | RS name                       | formula                                    |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| RS01       | EP1                           | 'TET.EP{1}.VOL'                            |
| RS02       | Slope                         | 'RS.EP1.SLO'                               |
| RS03       | Intercept                     | 'RS.EP1.ITS'                               |
| RS04       | Correlation (R <sup>2</sup> ) | 'RS.EP.COR' · 'RS.EP.COR'                  |
| RS05       | Molarity[mol/L]               | 2 · 'Add.CONC' / 'RS.Slope'                |
| RS06       | Titer                         | (Add.CONC · 2) / ('RS.Slope' · 'TET.CONC') |

#### BLANK DETERMINATION

| Assignment | RS name                       | Formula                   |
|------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| RS01       | EP1                           | 'TET.EP{1}.VOL'           |
| RS02       | Slope                         | 'RS.EP1.SLO'              |
| RS03       | Intercept                     | 'RS.EP1.ITS'              |
| RS04       | Correlation (R <sup>2</sup> ) | 'RS.EP.COR' · 'RS.EP.COR' |

#### SAMPLE DETERMINATION

| Assignment | RS name           | Formula                                                                                             |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RS01       | EP1               | 'TET.EP{1}.VOL'                                                                                     |
| RS02       | Content [%]       | 'TET.TITER' · 'TET.CONC' · ('TET.EP{1}.VOL' - 'CV.Blank') · M(Na) · 100 / (1000 · 'MV.Sample Size') |
| RS03       | Content [mg/100g] | 'TET.TITER' · 'TET.CONC' · ('TET.EP{1}.VOL' - 'CV.Blank') · M(Na) · 100 / 'MV.Sample Size'          |

### Legend formula

|                |                                                                                                |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TET.EP1.VOL    | = thermometric end point [mL]                                                                  |
| .SLO           | = slope of the linear regression                                                               |
| .ITS           | = intercept of the linear regression                                                           |
| .COR           | = correlation factor                                                                           |
| Add.CONC       | = Concentration of Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> solution = 0.4 mol/L                        |
| TET.CONC       | = Concentration of Al(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> / KNO <sub>3</sub> - solution = 0.5 mol/L |
| TET.TITER      | = Titer of the Al(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> / KNO <sub>3</sub> - solution                 |
| Blank          | = intercept of the linear regression at the blank determination                                |
| M(Na)          | = 22.990 g/mol                                                                                 |
| MV.Sample Size | = Sample size in g                                                                             |
| 2              | = two Na <sup>+</sup> -Ions in Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>                                 |
| 100            | = for % and for mg/100g                                                                        |
| 1000           | = conversion factor from g to mg                                                               |

**Results***TITER DETERMINATION*

|                   | Values       |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Slope             | 1.5819 mL/mL |
| Intercept         | 0.1976 mL    |
| Molarity          | 0.7909 mol/L |
| Titer             | 0.9887       |
| Corr. coefficient | 1.0000       |

*BLANK DETERMINATION*

| Sample               | Slope [g/mL] | Intercept [mL] | Corr. Coefficient |
|----------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Ketchup              | 1.0968       | 0.2143         | 0.99997           |
| Bouillon as Solution | 13.8983      | 0.2181         | 0.99986           |
| Bouillon             | 16.3180      | -0.2337        | 0.99975           |
| Gravy                | 5.6772       | 0.2847         | 0.99813           |
| Cracker              | 1.0288       | 0.1948         | 1.00000           |
| Corn Chips           | 0.4203       | 0.0410         | 0.99945           |
| Pretzel sticks       | 1.5793       | 0.2577         | 0.99827           |

*SAMPLE DETERMINATION**Ketchup*

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 1.257              | 1256.8                   |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.0024             | 2.427                    |
| rel. standard deviation | 0.19 %             | 0.19 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

*Bouillon as solution*

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 16.04              | 16041.4                  |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.013              | 14.101                   |
| rel. standard deviation | 0.08 %             | 0.09 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

*Bouillon weighed in directly*

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 18.02              | 18019.9                  |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.34               | 336.6                    |
| rel. standard deviation | 1.89 %             | 1.87 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

*Gravy*

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 6.34               | 6335.8                   |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.06               | 57.45                    |
| rel. standard deviation | 0.95 %             | 0.91 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

**Crackers**

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 1.169              | 1168.9                   |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.0058             | 5.777                    |
| rel. standard deviation | 0.5 %              | 0.49 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

**Corn chips**

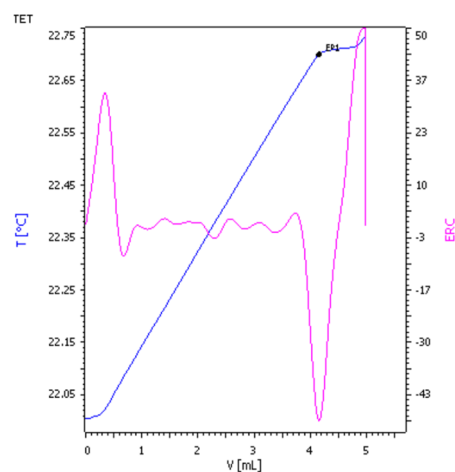
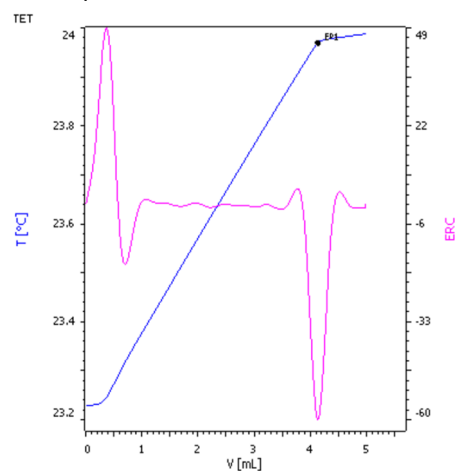
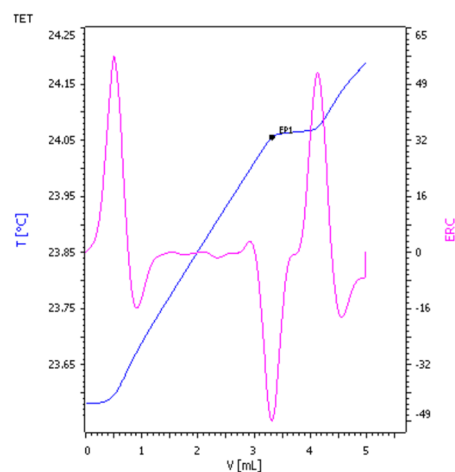
|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 0.507              | 506.6                    |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.019              | 18.76                    |
| rel. standard deviation | 3.75 %             | 3.7 %                    |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

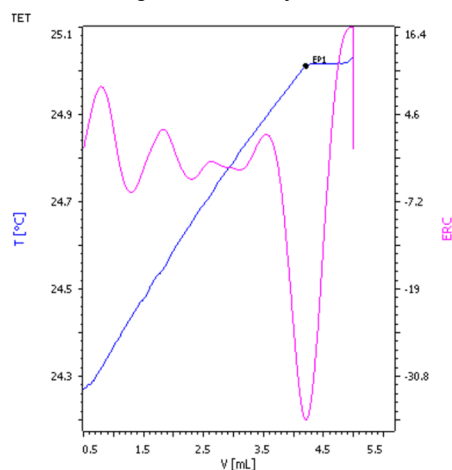
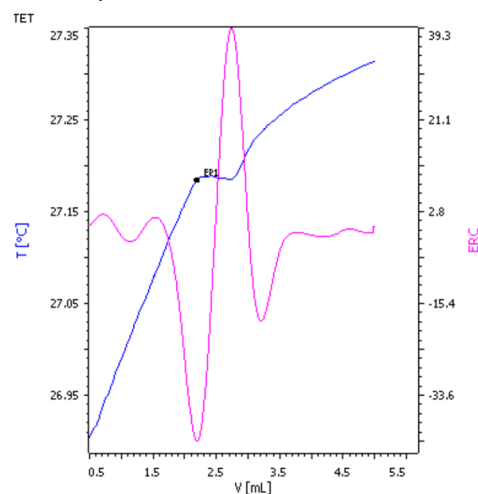
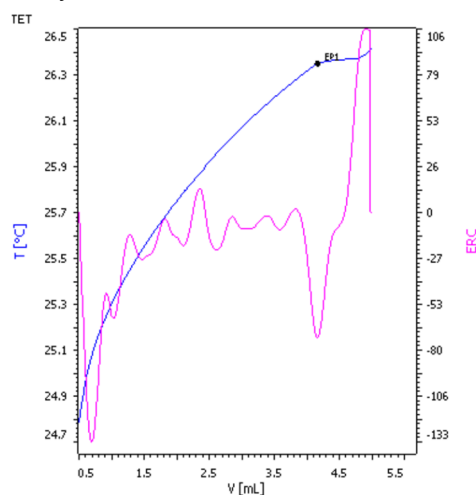
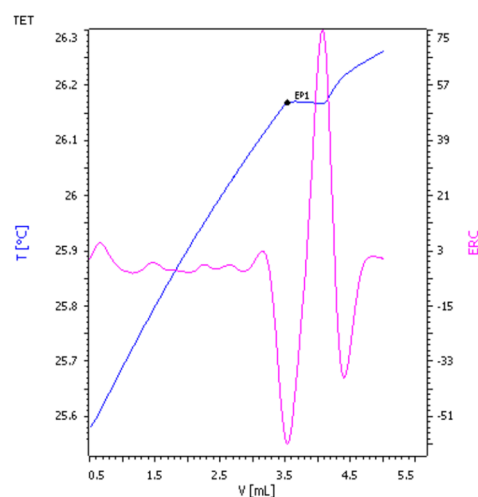
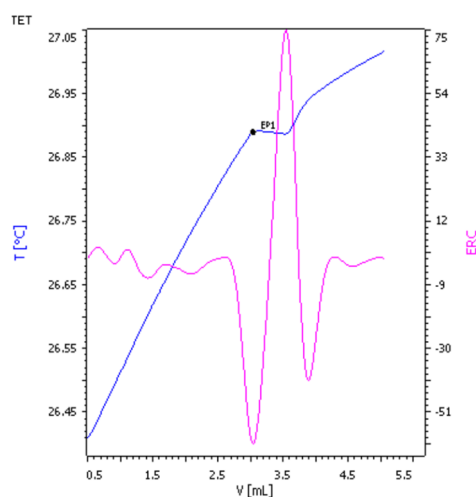
**Pretzel sticks**

|                         | Calculation in [%] | Calculation in [mg/100g] |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Mean                    | 1.809              | 1809.4                   |
| abs. standard deviation | 0.0185             | 18.726                   |
| rel. standard deviation | 1.02 %             | 1.03 %                   |
| n =                     | 6                  | 6                        |

**Comparison labeled / found results**

| Sample               | Labeled [g/100g]                        | Found [g/100g]          | Difference [%] |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Ketchup              | 3.1 g NaCl<br>= 1.22 g Na <sup>+</sup>  | 1.257 g Na <sup>+</sup> | + 2.94%        |
| Bouillon as solution | 41 g NaCl<br>= 16.13 g Na <sup>+</sup>  | 16.04 g Na <sup>+</sup> | - 0.56 %       |
| Bouillon             | 41 g NaCl<br>= 16.13 g Na <sup>+</sup>  | 18.02 Na <sup>+</sup>   | + 10.49 %      |
| Gravy                | 6.67 g Na <sup>+</sup>                  | 6.34 g Na <sup>+</sup>  | - 5.21 %       |
| Crackers             | 2.5 g NaCl<br>= 0.984 g Na <sup>+</sup> | 1.169 g Na <sup>+</sup> | + 15.83 %      |
| Corn chips           | 0.5 g Na <sup>+</sup>                   | 0.507 g Na <sup>+</sup> | + 1.38 %       |
| Pretzel sticks       | 4.6 g NaCl<br>= 1.810 g Na <sup>+</sup> | 1.809 g Na <sup>+</sup> | - 0.055 %      |

**Curves****TITER DETERMINATION****SAMPLE DETERMINATION****Ketchup****Bouillon as solution**

**Bouillon weighed in directly****Corn chips****Gravy****Pretzel sticks****Crackers****Comments**

- For the cleaning of the Polytron and the electrodes, a dip rinsing was done in a beaker filled up with hexane. The further cleaning was carried out with deion. water.
- The speed of the Polytron was set to 20000 rpm.
- After crushing with the Polytron a milky suspension was obtained.
- For the dosing of the  $\text{NH}_4\text{F} \cdot \text{HF}$  – solution an ETFE dosing unit was used.

**Date**

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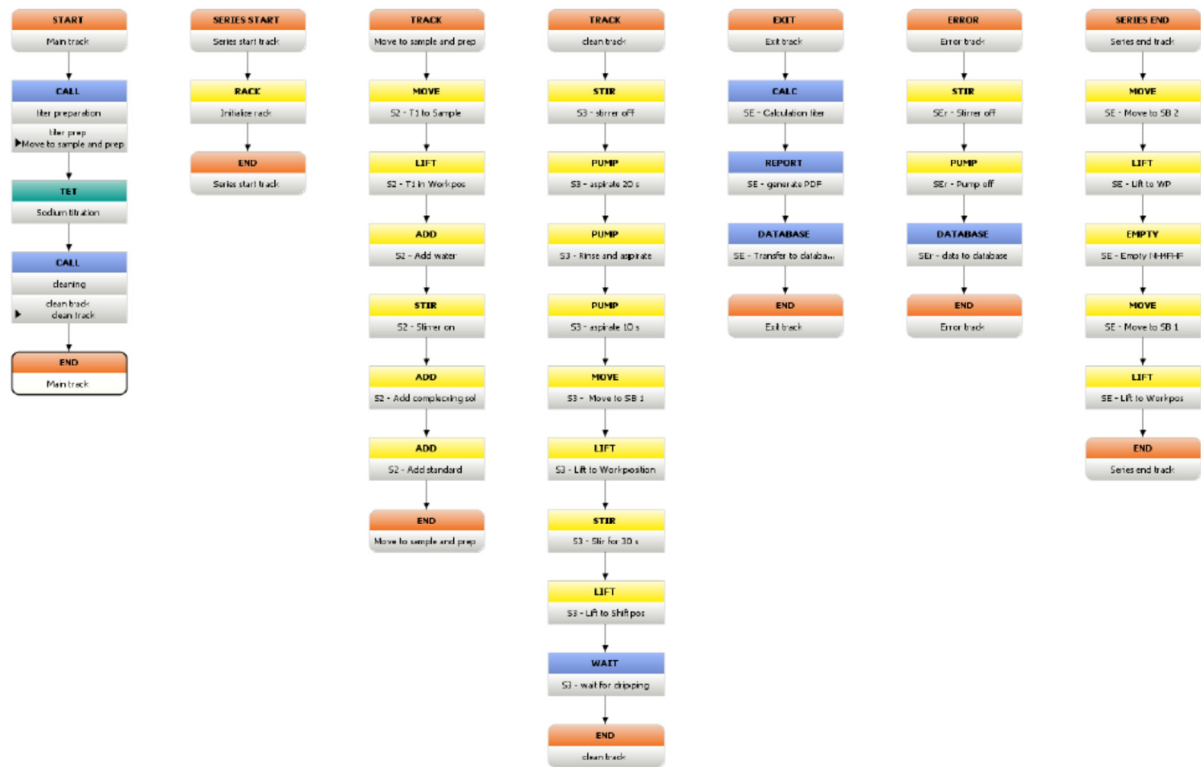
**Name**

Metrohm AG, CH-9100 Herisau  
Iris Kalkman, CC Titration

## Appendix

### METHODS

#### Titer Determination



#### Blank / Sample Determination

