



Application Note AN-NIR-095

Quality Control of Hand Sanitizers

Multiparameter determination within one minute

The most effective hand sanitizers contain between 62–95% alcohol. Alcohols are effective against most vegetative forms of bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses, but are ineffective against bacterial spores. The addition of hydrogen peroxide (3%) to the product may solve this, but due to its corrosive nature it must be handled with caution during production. Additionally, water and small amounts of emollient (e.g. glycerol) are added to protect the skin. Depending on the exact percentage of these constituents, hand sanitizer is either found

in a liquid or gel form. Determination of the concentrations of these reagents is typically performed with gas chromatography (for glycerol and ethanol), Karl Fischer titration (for water), and redox titration (for H_2O_2). The disadvantage is that two different methods are needed which are time-consuming and require chemical reagents. Near-infrared spectroscopy (NIRS) on the other hand allows for the **rapid and reliable simultaneous quantification** of ethanol, glycerol, hydrogen peroxide, and water content in hand sanitizer formulations.

EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT

A total of 98 samples of hand sanitizer gel with different concentrations of glycerol (0.5–3 w/w %), ethanol (70–85 w/w %), and water (20–22 w/w %) were collected to create a prediction model for quantification. A total of 91 samples of liquid hand sanitizer used for sanitizing wipes were measured with different concentrations of ethanol (70–95 w/w %), water (2–40 w/w %), and hydrogen peroxide (0–4 w/w %). All samples were measured with a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer in transmission mode (400–2500 nm). Reproducible spectrum acquisition was achieved using the built-in temperature control at 40 ° C: For convenience, disposable vials with a pathlength of 8 mm were used, which made cleaning of the sample vessels unnecessary. The Metrohm software package Vision Air Complete was used for all data acquisition and prediction model development.



Figure 1. DS2500 Liquid Analyzer and a sample filled in a disposable vial.

Table 1. Hardware and software equipment overview

Equipment	Metrohm number
DS2500 Liquid Analyzer	2.929.0010
DS2500 Holder 8 mm vials	6.7492.020
Disposable vials, 8 mm	6.7402.000
Vision Air 2.0 Complete	6.6072.208

RESULTS

All measured Vis-NIR spectra (**Figure 2**) were used to create a prediction model for quantification of the key quality parameters of gel and liquid sanitizer formulations. The quality of the prediction model was evaluated using correlation diagrams, which display

a very high correlation between the Vis-NIR prediction and the reference values. The respective figures of merit (FOM) display the expected precision of a prediction during routine analysis.



Figure 2. Vis-NIR spectra hand sanitizer gel samples analyzed on a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

RESULTS

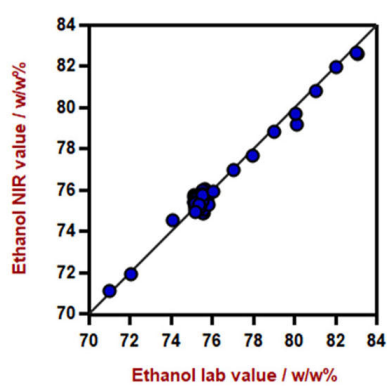


Figure 3. Correlation diagram for the prediction of ethanol content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated using gas chromatography.

Table 2. Figures of merit for the prediction of ethanol content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.9832
Standard Error of Calibration	0.33 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.37 w/w%

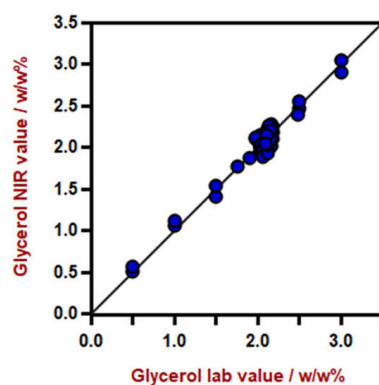


Figure 4. Correlation diagram for the prediction of glycerol content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated by gas chromatography.

Table 3. Figures of merit for the prediction of glycerol content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.9632
Standard Error of Calibration	0.08 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.11 w/w%

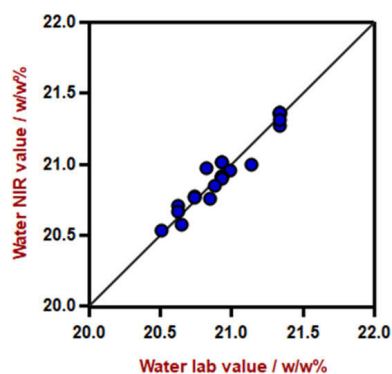


Figure 5. Correlation diagram for the prediction of water content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated by Karl Fischer titration.

Table 4. Figures of merit for the prediction of water content in hand sanitizer gel using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.941
Standard Error of Calibration	0.07 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.09 w/w%

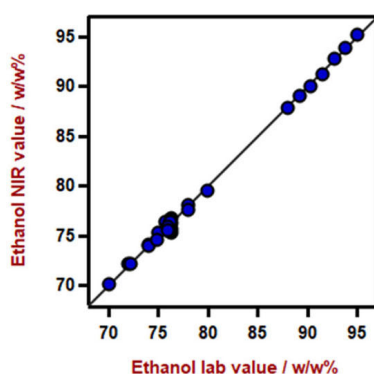


Figure 6. Correlation diagram for the prediction of ethanol content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated by gas chromatography.

Table 5. Figures of merit for the prediction of ethanol content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.9964
Standard Error of Calibration	0.36 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.36 w/w%

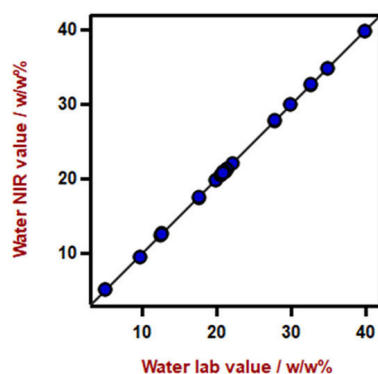


Figure 7. Correlation diagram for the prediction of water content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated by Karl Fischer titration.

Table 6. Figures of merit for the prediction of water content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.9999
Standard Error of Calibration	0.12 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.18 w/w%

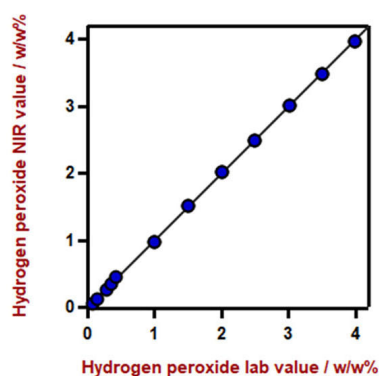


Figure 8. Correlation diagram for the prediction of hydrogen peroxide content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer. The lab value was evaluated by permanganate titration.

Table 7. Figures of merit for the prediction of hydrogen peroxide content in hand sanitizer wipes using a DS2500 Liquid Analyzer.

Figures of Merit	Value
R^2	0.9986
Standard Error of Calibration	0.05 w/w%
Standard Error of Cross-Validation	0.06 w/w%

CONCLUSION

This application note demonstrates the feasibility to determine multiple key parameters of the quality control of liquid and gel-type hand sanitizer products with NIR spectroscopy. Vis-NIR spectroscopy

enables a fast alternative to primary methods with high accuracy, and therefore represents a suitable alternative to the standard determination methods.

Table 8. Time to result overview for the different parameters

Parameter	Metod	Time to result
Ethanol	GC	5 minutes (preparation) + 5 minutes (GC)
Glycerol	GC	5 minutes (preparation) + 5 minutes (GC)
Water	Karl Fischer titration	5 minutes
Hydrogen peroxide	Permanganate titration	5 minutes

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DS2500 Liquid Analyzer

Robust near-infrared spectroscopy for quality control, not only in laboratories but also in production environments. The DS2500 Liquid Analyzer is the tried and tested, flexible solution for routine analysis of liquids along the entire production chain. Its robust design makes the DS2500 Liquid Analyzer resistant to dust, moisture and vibrations, which means that it is eminently suited for use in harsh production environments. The DS2500 Liquid Analyzer covers the full spectral range from 400 to 2500 nm, heats samples up to 80°C and is compatible with various disposable vials and quartz cuvettes. The DS2500 Liquid Analyzer is thus adaptable to your individual sample requirements and helps you obtain accurate and reproducible results in less than one minute. The integrated sample holder detection and the self-explanatory Vision Air Software also ensure simple and safe operation by the user. In the case of larger-sized sample quantities, productivity can be considerably increased by using a flow-through cell in combination with a Metrohm sample robot.



Vision Air 2.0 Complete

Vision Air -

Vision Air Complete

Vision Air :

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Vision Air Complete :

- 66072207 (Vision Air Network Complete)
- 66072209 (Vision Air Pharma Complete)
- 66072210 (Vision Air Pharma Network Complete)



8mmDS2500

8 mm